Practice Questions

**Voltage** [Volts] = **Resistance** [Ohm] x **Current** [Amperes]

 $\mathbf{V} \ [\mathbf{V}] = \mathbf{R} \ [\mathbf{\Omega}] \quad \mathbf{x} \quad \mathbf{I} \ [\mathbf{A}]$ 

- 1. A resistance of 60  $\Omega$  has a current of 1 A through it when it is connected to the terminals of a battery. What is the voltage of the battery? 60V
- 2. What voltage is applied to a 4  $\Omega$  resistor if the current is 1.5 A? 6V
- 3. What voltage is placed across a motor of 10  $\Omega$  operating resistance is the current is 8 A of current? 80V
- 4. A voltage of 75 V is placed across a 25  $\Omega$  resistor. What is the current through the resistor? 3A
- 5. A 20  $\Omega$  resistor is connected to a 40 V battery. What is the current through the resistor? 2A
- 6. The current through a lamp connected across 100 V is 5 A when the lamp is on. What is its resistance when it is on?  $20\Omega$
- A 12 V battery is connected to a device and 2 A of current flows through it. If the device obeys Ohm's law, how much current will flow when a 24 V battery is used?
  4A
- 8. A 30 V battery maintains current through a 10  $\Omega$  resistance. What is the current? 3A
- 9. An automobile headlight with a resistance of 3  $\Omega$  is placed across a 12 V battery. What is the current through the circuit? 4A
- 10. A motor with an operating resistance of 30  $\Omega$  is connected to a voltage source. The current in the circuit is 4 A. What is the voltage of the source? 120V
- 11. A transistor radio uses 2 mA of current when it is operated by a 3 V battery. What is the resistance of the radio current?  $1500\Omega$
- 12. A lamp draws a current of 0.5 A when it is connected to a 120 V source. What is the resistance of the lamp?  $240\Omega$
- 13. A 75 W lamp is connected to a 150 V. What is the resistance of the lamp?  $300\Omega$  (Don't worry about this question)
- 14. A lamp draws a 1 A current when connected to a 6 V battery. When a 9 V battery is used, the lamp draws 1.5 A. Does the lamp obey Ohm's law? Yes, the resistance of the lamp is  $6V/1A = 6\Omega$ , entering in the current resistance and the new voltage into Ohm's law returns the following  $9V/6\Omega = 1.5A$