

## Science 7 - Unit D

1. Refers to a structure's capacity to hold its position even if force is acting on it.
  - a. Structural Force
  - b. Structural Balance
  - c. Structural Stability
  - d. Structural Strength
  
2. Refers to the pleasing appearance or effect that an object has because its design
  - a. Beauty
  - b. Look
  - c. Aesthetic
  - d. Functionality
  
3. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a push or pull that tends to cause an object to change movement or shape.
  - a. Newton
  - b. Torsion
  - c. Arch
  - d. Force
  
4. Any object that provides support is called a \_\_\_\_\_?
  - a. Beam
  - b. Structure
  - c. Bridge
  - d. Compression
  
5. The standard unit for measuring force is the \_\_\_\_\_?
  - a. Force
  - b. Kg
  - c. Newton
  - d. Horsepower
  
6. The amount of matter in an object is referred to as it's \_\_\_\_\_?
  - a. Girth
  - b. Weight
  - c. Mass
  - d. Heaviness
  
7. Snow on a roof is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_ load.

- a. Heavy
- b. Static
- c. Dynamic
- d. Symmetric

8. A roof on top of a house is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_ load.

- a. Heavy
- b. Static
- c. Dynamic
- d. Symmetric

9. When one part of a structure exerts on other parts of the same structure this is called a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. External Force
- b. Static Load
- c. Dynamic Load
- d. Internal Force

10. The three internal forces are:

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- 
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11. Force can be divided into the following three categories:

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- 
- 

12. The three types of structures are:

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13. Where a force is applied to on an object is defined as \_\_\_\_\_

14. Man that building is ugly, one could say it has poor \_\_\_\_\_

15. Results when a structure can no longer stand up to forces acting on it.

- a. Structural Failure
- b. Structural Fatigue
- c. Structural Stress
- d. Structural Support

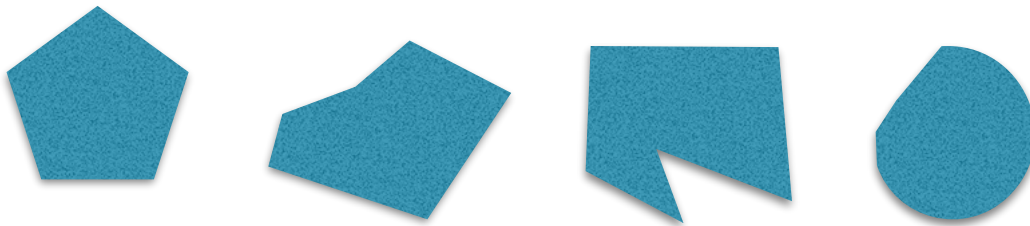
16. Results when internal and external force are applied to a structure which can weaken it

- a. Structural Failure
- b. Structural Fatigue
- c. Structural Stress
- d. Structural Support

17. When different kinds of internal forces act on a structure at the same time they are called

- a. Internal Forces
- b. External Forces
- c. Complimentary Forces
- d. Cooperating Forces

18. Circle the diagram that best illustrates **symmetry**:



18. Why do structures that serve the same function often have such different designs?  
(3 Marks)

19. What four different types of bridges can be used to support a load? (4 Marks)